

DVI PRE-POST COMPARISON REPORT

NAME: **Example Report**

AGE: 37 SEX: Male

ETHNICITY/RACE: Caucasian

EDUCATION/ GRADE: **High School Graduate**

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

DATE OF BIRTH: 12/01/1983

MARITAL STATUS: Separated

DATE SCORED: 03/15/2019

This report directly compares DVI Pretest and analogous DVI Posttest scale scores. No decision or diagnosis should be based solely upon DVI Pre-Post Comparison Report results.

RATIONALE: The same test is administered twice (pretest and posttest). Pretest results become the baseline for subsequent test administration comparisons. The Comparison Report reveals differences between pretest (baseline) and posttest (second or subsequent test administration) scale scores. The higher the DVI Pre-Post scale score, the more serious or problematic that area of inquiry becomes. **When a scales pretest score is higher than its posttest (or ipsative) score, positive improvement is corroborated. In contrast, when a scale's pretest score is lower than its posttest score, negative deterioration or worsening has occurred.**

CLIENT SELF-REPORTED HISTORY

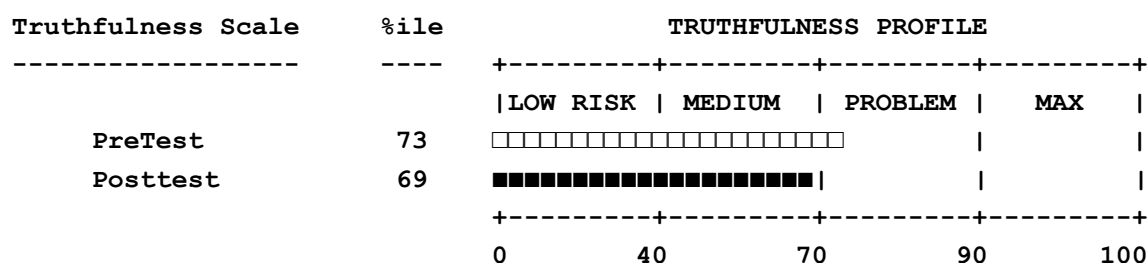
Age of First Conviction	17	Alcohol-Related Arrests	1
Total Number of Arrests	5	Drug-Related Arrests	1
Domestic Violence Arrests	2	Assault (not Domestic Violence) Arrests	1

DVI PRE-POST COMPARISON SCALES

Truthfulness Scale

Comparison: +4

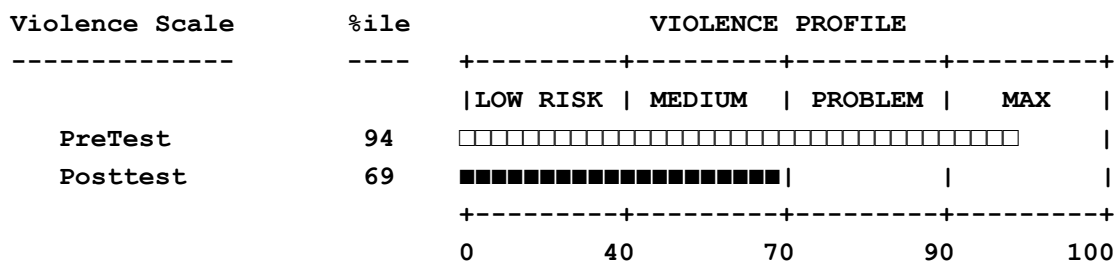
This person's Truthfulness Scale pretest-posttest comparison reveals some improvement. This client's posttest Truthfulness Scale score is 4 percent lower than their comparable pretest score, which shows some, albeit, small positive gain. Little Truthfulness Scale change occurred between this person's pretest and posttest. A low pretest score might help explain these results.



Violence Scale

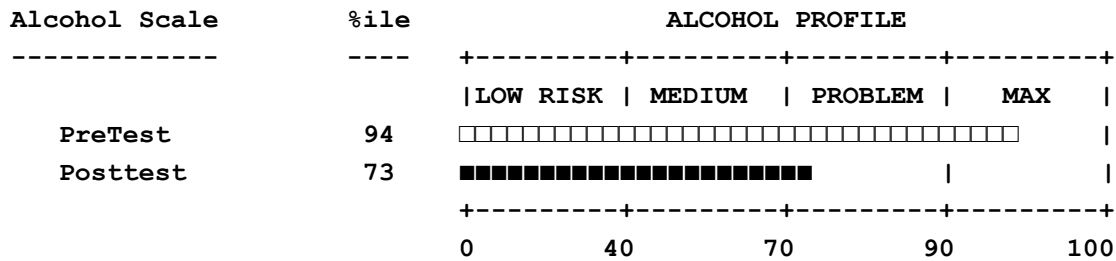
Comparison: +25

The Violence Scale pretest-posttest comparison shows positive improvement. This client's posttest scale score is noticeably lower than their pretest score. This client has benefitted greatly from intervention, counseling or treatment. Their Violence Scale posttest score is 25 percent lower than their pretest score and this represents noticeable improvement or positive gain.

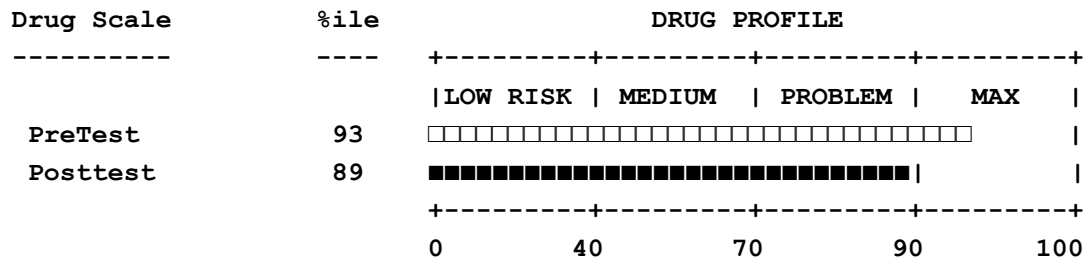


Alcohol Scale**Comparison: +21**

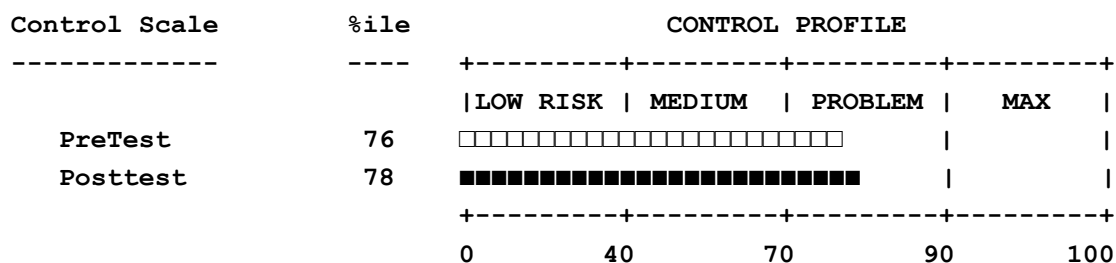
This individual's Alcohol Scale pretest-posttest comparison reveals noticeable improvement. This client's posttest scale score is 21 percent lower than their pretest score, which reflect impressive change. The improved Alcohol Scale posttest score is a testimonial to the effectiveness of this person's intervention, counseling or treatment program. Noticeable improvement is noted.

**Drug Scale****Comparison: +4**

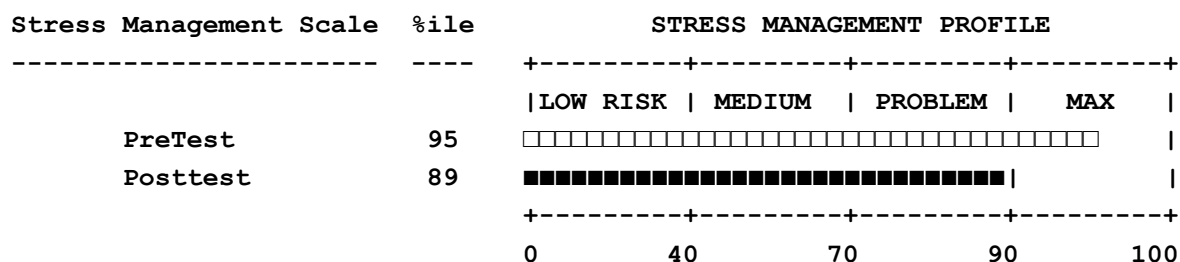
This client's Drug Scale pretest-posttest comparison reveals some improvement. This client's posttest Drug Scale score is 4 percent lower than this person's comparable pretest scale score, which reflects some positive gain. A low (below 69th percentile) pretest scored could limit possible gain. And, when reviewing intervention, counseling or treatment effectiveness even small positive gains are noteworthy.

**Control Scale****Comparison: -2**

This Control Scale pretest-posttest scale comparison reveals a small negative change. This client's posttest scale score is 2 percent more than their pretest score. Small negative treatment outcomes occur as some patients benefit more than others. If possible "Control" should be included in relapse prevention and outpatient follow-up treatment planning.

**Stress Management Scale****Comparison: +6**

This client's Stress Management Scale pretest-posttest comparison reveals some improvement. This person's posttest scale score is 6 percent lower than their pretest score. Some, albeit, little improvement has occurred. An old adage says, "Some improvement is better than no improvement." This is a positive treatment outcome with positive change in the 2 to 7 percent range.



SIGNIFICANT ITEMS

The term "significant item" refers to DVI Pre-Post admissions and/or unusual answers on the Violence Scale, Alcohol Scale, Drug Scale, and Control Scale. These answers are then listed for pretest - posttest comparison. After an intervention (classes, meetings, etc.), counseling (outpatient, individual, group, etc.), or treatment (intensive outpatient, inpatient, etc.) client outlook, attitudes and behaviors often change. Many view significant items as yet another invoice of change.

Violence Scale Pretest

5. Arguments and fights
38. Tries to get even
57. When angry--dangerous
* Additional Items: #82, 124, 126,
129, 130 and 131.

Alcohol Scale Pretest

37. Attends AA meetings
72. Can't stop use or abuse
86. Admits a drinking problem
122. Wants Alcohol Treatment
123. Wants Alcoholics Anonymous

Drug Scale Pretest

25. In last 30 days used drugs
45. May or may not use drugs
125. Wants drug treatment
127. Wants CA meetings

Control Scale Pretest

46. Tells family what they can do
* Only one significant item was
selected. Significant items refer to
admissions or unusual answers.

Violence Scale Posttest

5. Arguments and fights
18. Has explosive temper
82. Admits a violent person
113. Marital/family problems
121. Often blows-up

Alcohol Scale Posttest

22. When starts can't stop drinking
37. Attends AA meetings
* Only two significant items were
selected.

Drug Scale Posttest

25. In last 30 days used drugs
35. Drug use threatened happiness
84. Uses and abuses drugs
* Three significant items were
selected.

Control Scale Posttest

60. Usually gets what wants
71. Important to dominate home
119. Often dominates/brow beats
* Three significant items were
selected.

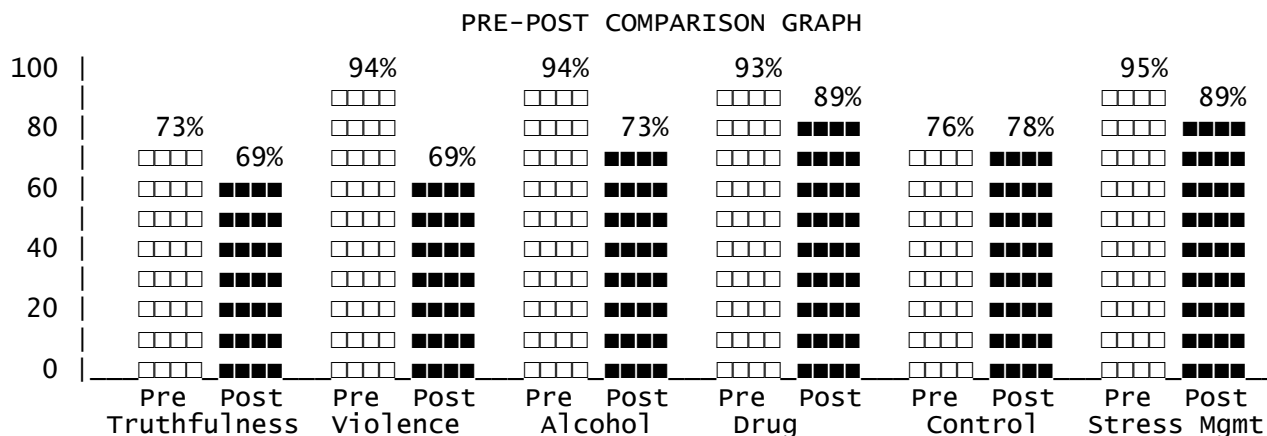
Anomalies & Outliers

In a small percentage of cases, treatment (e.g., interventions, counseling or psychotherapy) can sensitize clients to full disclosure or "baring their soul." A variety of defense mechanisms (e.g., abreaction, catharsis, introjection, etc.) may be involved in this extreme self-disclosure. In other words, this phenomenon could result in a client's DVI Pre-Post scale scores being higher after treatment. In these instances several, if not all scales, would be elevated.

- When comparing pretest - posttest scores it is important to note when the pretest score is at or above the 70th percentile (problem threshold). Posttest improvement (lower posttest score) could occur, yet the posttest scale score might still be at the 70th percentile or above (problem range).

There are several levels of scale interpretation when focusing upon perpetrator risk. In these instances a test may be viewed as a self-report or attention may be concentrated upon scale scores, interpreting scale elevations and assimilating scale interrelationships. Overlaying perpetrator change can be disconcerting, unless attention is shifted from "perpetrator risk" to "perpetrator change."

In the DVI Pre-Post system pretest (first test) scale scores become baseline scores against which subsequent (posttest) scale scores are compared. Differences from baseline scores or ipsative scores represent change.



The Pre-Post Comparison Graph yields a panoramic view of the DVI Pre-Post that incorporates all scale scores and their pre-post comparisons. **When a scales pretest score is higher than its posttest (or ipsative) score, positive improvement is corroborated. In contrast, when a scale's pretest score is lower than its posttest score, negative deterioration or worsening has occurred.**

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

EVALUATOR'S SIGNATURE

DATE

DVI-PP PRETEST RESPONSES

1 - 50 TTTTTFTFTF TTTFFFFFTF FTTTTFTFTF FTFTFFTTFF TTFFTTFFTF
 51 - 100 FTFFFTTTTF FFFFFTTFFT FTFTFFFTFF FTFFFTFT21 3121221122
 101 - 147 1122112211 2211221122 111111211 111111232 3231231

DVI-PP POSTTEST RESPONSES

1 - 50 TTTFTFTTF TFFFTFTTF FTFFTTFFTT FFFFTFTFFF FFFFFTFTF
 51 - 100 FTFTFTFTF FFFFFFFFTF TFTFFFTFF FTFTFFTF13 3342121212
 101 - 147 2223223232 3232323232 322222222 2444444411 1114444